

AR (phospho Tyr363) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog# UZ-PA00816

Product information

产品货号	UZ-PA00816
别名	AR; DHTR; NR3C4; Androgen receptor; Dihydrotestosterone receptor; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4
产品名称	AR (phospho Tyr363) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
类别	抗体产品
基因名称	AR
推荐应用	WB,ELISA
反应种属	Human,Mouse,Rat
存储缓冲液	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N .
Human Gene ID	367
Human Swissprot No.	P10275
免疫原	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Androgen Receptor around the phosphorylation site of Tyr363. AA range:331-380
稀释度	WB 1:500-1:2000, ELISA 1:10000.Not yet tested in other applications.
预测分子量	85kDa
运输及保存条件	-20°C/1 year
宿主	Rabbit
同种型	Rabbit,IgG
背景介绍	The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract from the normal 9-34 repeats to the pathogenic 38-62 repeats causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoform
细胞定位	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Detected at the promoter of target genes (PubMed:25091737) . Predominantly cytoplasmic in unligated form but translocates to the nucleus upon ligand-binding. Can also translocate to the nucleus in unligated form in the presence of RACK1. .
纯化	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal