

Alkaline Phosphatase (8D14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog# HZ-YMA00994

Product information

产品货号	HZ-YMA00994
别名	ALPL;Alkaline phosphatase;tissue-nonspecific isozyme;AP-TNAP;TNSALP;Alkaline phosphatase liver/bone/kidney isozyme
产品名称	Alkaline Phosphatase (8D14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
类别	抗体产品
基因名称	ALPL
推荐应用	WB,IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,IF-ICC,IP,ELISA
反应种属	Human,Mouse,Rat
存储缓冲液	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Human Gene ID	249
Human Swissprot No.	P05186
稀释度	IHC-P 1:200-1:1000, WB 1:2000-1:10000, IF-P/IF-F/IF-ICC 1:200-1:1000, ELISA 1:5000-1:20000, IP 1:50-1:200
参考分子量	80kDa
预测分子量	57kDa
运输及保存条件	Biological ice bag transportation. Store at -20°C for at least 12 months(Do not lower than -25°C). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles
宿主	Rabbit
同种型	IgG,Kappa
背景介绍	This gene encodes a member of the alkaline phosphatase family of proteins. There are at least four distinct but related alkaline phosphatases: intestinal, placental, placental-like, and liver/bone/kidney (tissue non-specific). The first three are located together on chromosome 2, while the tissue non-specific form is located on chromosome 1. The product of this gene is a membrane bound glycosylated enzyme that is not expressed in any particular tissue and is, therefore, referred to as the tissue-nonspecific form of the enzyme. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature enzyme. This enzyme may play a role in bone mineralization. Mutations in this gene have been linked to hypophosphatasia, a disorder that is characterized by hypercalcemia and skeletal defects. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]
细胞定位	Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor . Extracellular vesicle membrane ; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor . Mitochondrion membrane ; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor . Mitochondrion intermembrane space . Localizes to special class of extracellular vesicles, named matrix vesicles (MVs), which are released by osteogenic cells. Localizes to the mitochondria of thermogenic fat cells: tethered to mitochondrial membranes via a GPI-anchor and probably resides in the mitochondrion intermembrane space . . .
纯化	Protein A
Clonality	Monoclonal